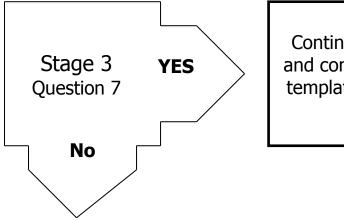
Equality Impact Assessment Template

The Council has revised and simplified its Equality Impact Assessment process. There is now just one Template. Project Managers will need to complete **Stages 1-3** to determine whether a full EqIA is required and the need to complete the whole template.

Complete Stages 1-3 for all project proposals, new policy, policy review, service review, deletion of service, restructure etc



Continue with Stage 4 and complete the whole template for a full EqIA

Go to Stage 6 and complete the rest of the template

Equality Impact Assessment (EqIA) Template

In order to carry out this assessment, it is important that you have completed the EqIA E-learning Module and read the Corporate Guidelines on EqIAs. Please refer to these to assist you in completing this assessment.

It will also help you to look at the EqIA Template with Guidance Notes to assist you in completing the EqIA.

Type of Project / Proposal:			Type of Decision:	Tick ✓		
Transformatio	on		Cabinet	✓		
Capital			Portfolio Holder			
Service Plan			Corporate Strategic Board			
Other	Implementing Council Amalgamation Policy.		Other			
Title of Projec	t:	Junior Sch This project was appro confirmed Welldon Pa Kingsley R Harrow, Ha and Welldon Pa Wyvenhoe Harrow, Ha At its meet the statuto from 1 Sep	ct arises from implementation of the Council's Amalgamation ved by Cabinet in 2007, further clarified by Cabinet in 2008 in July 2013. There is no change to policy involved in this park Infant and Nursery School Road A2 8LT ark Junior School Road A2 8LS ting on 19 February 2015, Harrow Cabinet is recommended by proposals to amalgamate the Welldon Park infant and jurotember 2015 to form a combined primary school.	n Policy that and proposal. to approve		
Directorate /	Service responsible:	Children &	Families			
Name and job	title of lead officer:	Johanna Morgan, Education Lead School Organisation				
Name & conta	act details of the other persons involved in the	Chris Melly	y, Senior Professional, School Organisation			

assessment:	Ranjit Matharu, Acting Headteacher of Welldon Park Infant and Nursery School James Simmons, Acting Headteacher of Welldon Park Junior School
Date of assessment:	29 December 2014
Stage 1: Overview	
	This proposal arises from implementation of the Council's Amalgamation Policy.
	Two sets of statutory proposals have been published in relation to Welldon Park Infant and Nursery School and Welldon Park Junior School. It is proposed to:
	 Combine the schools to create a combined primary school from 1 September 2015;
	 Expand the school(s) from 1 September 2015 to become three forms of entry school(s) (90 places) from the current two forms of entry (60 places).
	The two sets of statutory proposals are separate and not linked.
1. What are you trying to do?	This EqIA relates to the proposal to amalgamate the schools. Under this proposal the combined school would be established from 1 September 2015. Welldon Park Junior School would be discontinued, and the age range of Welldon Park Infant and Nursery School would be extended and the capacity expanded.
(Explain proposals e.g. introduction of a new service or policy, policy review, changing criteria, reduction / removal of service, restructure, deletion of posts etc)	Education school amalgamation statutory processes are being undertaken. On 11 December 2014, Harrow Cabinet considered the outcome of the consultation about the proposed amalgamation and decided to publish statutory proposals to effect the amalgamation. The statutory proposals were published from 5 January to 2 February 2015. No representations were received about the amalgamation statutory proposal. The Governing Bodies have sent a joint response that is opposed to amalgamation. This joint response and officer comment will be reported to Harrow Cabinet when determining the statutory proposals on 19 February 2015.
	It is proposed that Welldon Park Infant and Nursery School and Welldon Park Junior School are combined to establish a two or three form of entry (depending on whether the expansion proposal is approved) primary school from 1 September 2015. All the pupils attending the schools at the time of amalgamation would transfer to the combined school, and there would be a similar staffing need. The school buildings would continue to be used by the combined school, but would need adapting to become fit for purpose as an all through primary school albeit in

	split sites. In line with the Council's amalgamation policy, combining the two schools would give the opportunity to further improve educational standards by enabling planning as a coherent whole across the primary phase of the national curriculum and providing greater flexibility across and between key stages. Access to the whole primary curriculum supports and informs whole school planning, assessment, pastoral systems, etc, and provides opportunities for wider staff development and experience across the full primary phase.							
2. Who are the main people / Protected Characteristics that may be affected by your proposals? (✓ all that apply)	Residents / Service Users Staff Gender Reassignment	√	Age Marriage and Civil Partnership	✓	Disability Pregnancy and Maternity	√		
	Race		Religion or Belief		Sex			
2. To the personalisitis, about with prother divestants	Sexual Orientation		Other					
 3. Is the responsibility shared with another directorate, authority or organisation? If so: Who are the partners? Who has the overall responsibility? How have they been involved in the assessment? 	No.							

Stage 2: Evidence / Data Collation

4. What evidence / data have you reviewed to assess the potential impact of your proposals? Include the actual data, statistics reviewed in the section below. This can include census data, borough profile, profile of service users, workforce profiles, results from consultations and the involvement tracker, customer satisfaction surveys, focus groups, research interviews, staff surveys; complaints etc. Where possible include data on the nine Protected Characteristics.

(Where you have gaps (data is not available/being collated), you may need to include this as an action to address in your Improvement Action Plan at Stage 7)

Age (including carers of young/older people)

All the pupils attending the schools at the time of amalgamation would transfer to the combined school, and there would be a similar staffing need. The school buildings would continue to be used by the combined school.

See Appendix A of this EqIA for data about the profile of pupils attending the schools.

Disability (includir disabled people)	ng carers of	The schools are mainstream schools, which make appropriate provision for pupils with SEN who attend mainstream schools. Welldon Park Infant and Nursery School has specialist resourced provision for children with specific language impairment and no change in this is proposed under these proposals. Currently, any accessibility issues would be dealt with by the schools under a management principle of meeting needs at a ground floor level should there be access issues. This issue would be considered to see whether any access issues could be addressed as part of the building works if the amalgamation and expansion proceeds.					
Can day Danasiayan		See Appendix A of this EqIA for data about the profile of pupils attending the school Not applicable in the context of the amalgamation of these schools.	DIS.				
Gender Reassignr		Not applicable in the context of the amalgamation of these schools.					
Marriage / Civil Pa	·						
Pregnancy and Ma	aternity	Not applicable in the context of the amalgamation of these schools.					
Race		There is no change to school category in the proposal. These are community schools that are inclusive of children from all races, and this would continue in a combined school. The schools draw pupils from their local area and the pupil profiles reflect the ethnicity of their area. The October 2014 School Census data demonstrates that the schools have an ethnically diverse pupil population. See Appendix A of this EqIA for data about the profile of pupils attending these schools. See Appendix C of this EqIA for the ethnic groups in the main wards from which children attend these schools.					
Religion and Belie	ıf	There is no change to the school category as a result of amalgamation. These are community schools which draw pupils from their local area and the pupil profiles reflect the religions and beliefs of their area.					
Sex / Gender		There is no change to co-educational school category as a result of amalgamation. These are community schools which draw pupils from their local area and the pupil profiles reflect the gender of their area. See Appendix A of this EqIA for data about the profile of pupils attending these schools.					
Sexual Orientation	า	Not applicable in the context of the amalgamation of these schools.					
Socio Economic		Not applicable in the context of the amalgamation of these schools.					
5. What consulta	tion have you underta	aken on your proposals?					
Who was consulted?	What consultation methods were used?	What do the results show about the impact on different groups / Protected Characteristics?	What actions have you taken to address the findings of the consultation? (This may include further consultation with the affected				

Statutory
consultation was
held with the
schools, their
communities of
parents, staff and
governors and
interested parties
about the
amalgamation
proposal between
29 September and
14 November
2014.

Consultation information was widely distributed including to neighbouring Local Authorities, local MPs, Councillors, Union representatives, Diocesan Bodies. voluntary organisations, and Harrow Youth Parliament. Information was put on the Harrow Council website. together with a facility for online response to the consultation for residents. The Council distributed a letter to local residents to inform them of the consultation and to invite them to the consultation meetings at the schools. The schools distributed information and response forms to their parents, staff and governors and arranged open consultation meetings for parents and residents to enable

Consultation about the proposal to expand and combine Welldon Park Infant and Nursery School and Welldon Park Junior School was held between Monday 29 September 2014 and Friday 14 November 2014. Separate consultation questions were given to the school communities from those given to local residents. Local residents were only consulted about the expansion proposal because the amalgamation proposal was not relevant to the residents without children attending the schools.

Officers attended open consultation meetings during the consultation period at the schools about the amalgamation and expansion proposals to give a presentation and answer questions.

Consultation responses

94 responses were received to the consultation questions for the school communities.

A number of comments were included with the responses and the two main themes are summarised below together with officer response to the themes.

Responses from the school communities to the consultation questions about amalgamation and expansion

Questions were asked in the consultation about the two proposals. They were:

- "Proposal One: Welldon Park Infant and Nursery School and Welldon Park Junior School are joined together to form one combined school on 1 April 2015."
- "Proposal Two: To expand the combined school to four forms of entry (120 places) with effect from 1 September 2016."

Both questions offered the option to respond 'Yes', 'No', or 'Not Sure' to each question. Opportunity was given for comments to be added after each question if the respondent wished to do so. The following tables provide overall responses to the consultation questions.

Proposal One: Welldon Park Infant and Welldon Park Junior School are joined

together to form one combined school on 1 Sept. 2015 ior. Infant Total (91) Total (94) Junior Infant I support combining the two schools 34 (36%) 16 18 Harrow Council Equality Impact Assessment Template – Jan 2014 21 33 54 (57%) 5 6 (7%)

Proposal Two: To expand the school(s) to three forms of entry (90 places) with effect from 1 September 2015

groups, revising your proposals).

On 11 December 2014, Harrow Cabinet considered the outcome of the consultation about the proposed expansion and decided to publish statutory proposals to effect the amalgamation.

Additional resource has been committed to ensure an appropriate profile to all the school expansion projects in particular.

- Transport Assessments are being undertaken at each of the schools proposed for expansion. The assessments provide an independent view of the proposals by reviewing baseline information about current traffic volumes and current issues and make recommendations about any impact as well as setting out any actions required. The assessments take account of the consultation responses already received.
- A Transport and Travel Planner Officer for the

5

discussion about the proposals.

I support expansion to three forms of entry as either	25	28	53 (58%)
combined or separate schools			
I do not support expansion to three forms of entry as either	10	14	24 (26%)
combined or separate schools			
I am not sure	6	8	14 (15%)

Respondents were invited to indicate their interest by ticking **all** applicable boxes:

	Junior	Infant	Total
Infant School parent	6	34	40 (34%)
Junior School parent	20	2	22 (18%)
Parent in both schools	13	13	26 (22%)
Member of staff in Infant School	3	6	9 (8%)
Member of staff in Junior School	13	4	17 (14%)
Other interested stakeholder	3	2	5 (4%)
Note: Some multiple interests were indicated	58	61	119

36% of responses supported the amalgamation proposal; 57% opposed it and 7% were unsure.

58% supported expansion to 3FE; 26% opposed it and 15% were unsure.

Other responses to the consultation

Governing Body

The Governing Body of Welldon Park Infant and Nursery School and the Governing Body of Welldon Park Junior School made a joint formal statement to the statutory consultation. In the joint statement the Governing Bodies recommend that the schools should not be combined and recommend that in principle the schools should be expanded.

Staff of Welldon Park Infant & Nursery School

A letter was received from the staff of Welldon Park Infant & Nursery School stating disagreement with the proposal for amalgamation as a split site primary school and disagreeing that consultation should be taking place regarding expansion at the same time. The staff strongly believes alternative school models should be considered. Their preferred model for the infant school is an all through primary school with specialist provision for SEN on the present school site. The justification for their views is set out in the letter.

Officer response to the consultation comments

The six main themes in consultation comments and responses relate to:

- Lack of information about buildings and implications for residents;
- Other alternatives should be considered:
- The schools do well as they are preference that they remain separate schools;
- The schools are already full to capacity;

expansion projects works with schools to develop and implement effective travel strategies in conjunction with the schools. This is a key role in influencing and engaging with all stakeholders to change attitudes to travel through the review and the development of School Travel Plans in order to minimise the use of private car travel to the school, particularly by parents. This role also liaises with the Highways, Traffic Management and Enforcement teams to ensure that any necessary engineering work and enforcement action, including Safer Neighbourhood Teams, is provided in line with the travel plans developed. This officer is also involved in the pre-planning engagement activities and input into the planning applications.

The Transport
 Assessment and
 School Travel Plans
 are submitted as part
 of the planning
 applications.

- Traffic and congestion issues;
- · Concerns about split site.

Lack of information about buildings and implications for residents

Information about the proposed expansion of the Welldon Park schools was sent to 500 residents in properties adjoining the school sites and along approach streets and included invitation to attend the consultation meeting for residents on 23 October 2014. This action was taken deliberately to give early information to residents about the proposal and so residents' perspectives can be taken into account from the outset. Inevitably, detailed information could not be given about the building arrangements if expansion is approved because site scoping work needs to be undertaken. However, the comments and issues stated by residents have been noted for consideration by Cabinet and these would inform the building design proposals should the expansion be approved.

The initial site scoping will be completed by the end of term, undertaken by the Council with the schools. Options will be developed to address the additional requirements. This process will be undertaken in partnership with the school.

Other alternatives should be considered

Comments were made that it has been confusing to have consultation about the amalgamation and expansion proposals at the same time. Also, that there are alternative proposals that could be considered.

It is important to have clear proposals so that the consultation is not confusing. Harrow Council has an Amalgamation Policy and the consultation proposal is to amalgamate the two schools in accordance with the policy. The Council believes this is the best model for a primary school. The Steering Group included additional information about other models of school organisation for example, federation, and academy status.

Harrow Council also has a School Expansion Programme. Harrow Cabinet has approved that Phase 3 school expansion proposals be brought forward to meet the increased demand for places in 2015 and 2016. It is expedient to consult about both proposals at the same time rather than in close proximity to each other. Consultation at the same time on amalgamation and expansion proposals has occurred also at the Weald schools.

Some preference has been expressed for two separate primary schools to be created at the Welldon Park school sites to meet the increasing demand for school places. Although two additional forms of entry are projected to be needed in the South West Primary Planning Area within which the Welldon Park schools are located, there is not the demand for these additional forms of entry to be provided at the one location. Additional places are opened as local to the demand as possible to minimise any need for parents to use cars to take their children to and from school, and expansion by a form of entry at a different school location will be sought. Additional considerations are: two community primary schools beside each other would have the potential to introduce unhelpful competition; concerns have been

- There is a communication strategy for the expansion projects which includes raising the profile of school travel planning.
 Additional Communications officer time will be commissioned to give communication and engagement work a high profile.
- Parking enforcement officers visit the areas of all schools in Harrow and issue tickets when applicable. Two automatic number plate recognition CCTV cars have been introduced to reinforce enforcement work. They are dedicated to schools exclusively.

raised in consultation responses about the congestion on the road infrastructure for the proposed expansion of one form of entry, which can be expected to be heightened if a doubling of pupils was proposed; the capital costs of creating two primary schools are likely to be comparatively high.

The proposal that one of the schools could be a one form entry is not considered to be the most efficient form of school organisation. Although small schools do perform well, they are very susceptible to changes to funding and have little capacity to develop economies of scale as single entities.

For transparency, other school organisation options were outlined in the consultation document distributed to parents and staff that the working group had investigated. Also, at the parent consultation meetings, addresses giving alternative perspectives were made by the Headteacher of Welldon Park Infant and Nursery School and by the Chair of Governors of Welldon Park Junior School. During the consultation it was pointed out that comments on other models could be made and responses in other formats e.g. email or letters would also be accepted. This has occurred, and all consultation responses will be made available to Cabinet in the decision making process.

The schools do well as they are - preference that they remain separate schools Amalgamation is about combining two schools organisationally while preserving and building on what works well at each school. Achieving high educational standards and preserving ethos that is in the children's interests will be key focus of the governing body and leadership team of a combined school. A combined school enables the curriculum for the whole primary phase to be planned and delivered under one leadership. This provides continuity for the pupils throughout their primary education. It is of note that the governing bodies of the two schools have put forward options around extending the age range of each school to provide a primary school, therefore the concern does not appear to be about primary provision under one head teacher and governing body, but more about the individual schools amalgamating.

The schools are already full to capacity

Site scoping work has started and architects are undertaking an assessment of the current buildings and comparing them to the government's area guidance for a three form entry school and for the proposed amalgamation. This work would ensure that there is sufficient and appropriate space for additional children on the school sites. The two schools sites are very different in their current buildings and accommodation and therefore the solutions will be site specific.

Points were made at the infant school parent consultation meeting that only two additional classrooms would be needed at the infant school site. Architects could perhaps look into the possibility of a second storey. The school were able to work around the hall space when there were 60 more children at the school before the changes in the age of transfer in

September 2010 that led to the move from first and middle schools in Harrow.

The architects gave further feed back to the schools about site scoping options before the end of the autumn term.

Traffic and congestion issues

The concerns expressed about traffic congestion, parking and road safety in the area are fully recognised and are the consistent major theme arising from the expansion consultations. To minimise the impact of the additional pupils attending the schools proposed for expansion, a cross-council approach is being implemented. This approach brings officers together from Children and Families, Enterprise and Environment and Communications to co-ordinate work.

This proposal would require a building programme, for which planning permission would be needed. If an application is submitted, a decision on this will be a matter for the Planning Committee. This committee will consider highways and traffic concerns and the impact of the development on the local area. Residents and parents who believe they are impacted by this decision are entitled to make representations to the planning committee during the statutory planning consent timescales.

Concerns about split site

The governing bodies raised a concern about an amalgamated school on split sites and in particular the funding for this. Whilst it is true that all other amalgamations of primary schools in Harrow have been on one site, there is evidence of one head teacher and one governing body leading schools on different sites. Specifically, the hard federation of Heathland and Whitefriars worked successfully prior to conversion of the schools to academy status. Other schools in London and other areas have amalgamated on separate sites.

A combined school would receive a budget calculated in accordance with Harrow's funding formula, which is primarily based on an amount per pupil. In accordance with the Schools Funding Formula, as a combined school, there would be the loss of one 'lump sum' which currently totals £154,230 annually.

This would put the combined school in the same position as existing all-through primary schools over time. If the schools were to combine, in the first year, the two separate school budgets would be brought together.

In the year following the proposed amalgamation (2016/17) the combined school would receive the equivalent of 85% of two lump sums. This would allow time for the Governing Body to plan for this change which represents a comparatively small amount of the combined school budget (about 5%). Funding efficiencies arising from combining the schools can be used to offset this reduction. The Governing Body and leadership team of a combined school should be able to plan strategically in a cost effective manner in the best

interests of the children in order to achieve positive outcomes for the children in the long term.

It should also be noted that there is currently no provision in the School Funding Formula for split site schools as this is not relevant to Harrow. However, the Schools Forum will consider this funding element from April 2017 when it would be required after the lump sum reduction has been implemented.

Over time, other amalgamated schools (on shared sites) have found that there have been efficiencies generated as a combined school including one Headteacher salary and shared back office functions. In general larger schools have greater economies of scale and capacity to deal with financial pressures and to be more flexible and creative with their funding although some of these savings will be more difficult to achieve on a split site.

6. What other (local, regional, national research, reports, media) data sources that you have used to inform this assessment?

List the Title of reports / documents and websites here.

The GLA School Roll Projections Service draws on a range of available national and regional data to inform its projections.

A regional approach is an important aspect of meeting the needs of children and young people with special educational needs. Discussions are held with free school proposers, and with neighbouring local authorities through the West London Alliance, to inform work to meet the need.

Stage 3: Assessing Potential Disproportionate Impact

7. Based on the evidence you have considered so far, is there a risk that your proposals could potentially have a disproportionate adverse impact on any of the Protected Characteristics?

	Age (including carers)	Disability (including carers)	Gender Reassignment	Marriage and Civil Partnership	Pregnancy and Maternity	Race	Religion and Belief	Sex	Sexual Orientation
Yes									
No	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

YES - If there is a risk of disproportionate adverse Impact on any **ONE** of the Protected Characteristics, continue with the rest of the template.

- **Best Practice:** You may want to consider setting up a Working Group (including colleagues, partners, stakeholders, voluntary community sector organisations, service users and Unions) to develop the rest of the EqIA
- It will be useful to also collate further evidence (additional data, consultation with the relevant communities, stakeholder groups and service users directly affected by your proposals) to further assess the potential disproportionate impact identified and how this can be mitigated.

NO - If you have ticked 'No' to all of the above, then go to **Stage 6**

Although the assessment may not have identified potential disproportionate impact, you may have identified actions which can be taken to
advance equality of opportunity to make your proposals more inclusive. These actions should form your Improvement Action Plan at Stage 7

Stage 4: Collating Additional of	lata / Evidence			
8. What additional data / evidence relation to your proposals as a res 3?		Note:	: Please go to Stage 6.	
(include this evidence, including an documents and website links here				
9. What further consultation have	you undertaken on your propo	sals as	s a result of your analysis at Stage 3	?
Who was consulted?	What consultation methods used?	were	What do the results show about the impact on different groups / Protected Characteristics?	What actions have you taken to address the findings of the consultation? (This may include further consultation with the affected groups, revising your proposals).
Note: Please go to Stage 6.				

Stage 5: Assessing Impact and Analysis

10. What does your evidence tell you about the impact on different groups? Consider whether the evidence shows potential for differential impact, if so state whether this is an adverse or positive impact? How likely is this to happen? How you will mitigate/remove any adverse impact?

Protected Characteristic	Adverse	Positive <	Explain what this impact is, how likely it is to happen and the extent of impact if it was to occur. Note – Positive impact can also be used to demonstrate how your proposals meet the aims of the PSED Stage 9	What measures can you take to mitigate the impact or advance equality of opportunity? E.g. further consultation, research, implement equality monitoring etc (Also Include these in the Improvement Action Plan at Stage 7)
Age (including carers of young/older people)			Note: Please go to Stage 6.	
Disability (including carers of disabled people)				
Gender Reassignmen t				
Marriage and Civil Partnership				
Pregnancy and Maternity				

Race										
Religion or Belief										
Sex										
Sexual orientation										
11. Cumulati	ve Impact -	- Considering	what	t else is happeni	ng within the	Yes		N	0	
impact on a pa	articular Prote	ected Charact	teristic	roposals have a cc? De affected and compared to the compared		Note: Please go t	to Stage 6.			
potential impa										
	-			t else is happeni		Yes		N ₀	0	
		•	•	national/local po els, community to		Note: Please go to Stage 6.				
•				impact on indiv						
	•			community coh						
					_					
				ikely is to happe						
	•			•	•	tified may result in				
•	•		_			liscrimination, hara ersity/Policies and		victimisation	and otner p	ronibited
conduct under	Age	Disabili		Gender	Marriage	Pregnancy and		Religion and	Sex	Sexual

	(including carers)	(including carers)	Reassignment	and Civil Partnership	Maternity	Belief	Orientation
Yes		•					
No							

If you have answered "yes" to any of the above, set out what justification there may be for this in Q12a below - link this to the aims of the proposal and whether the disadvantage is proportionate to the need to meet these aims. (You are encouraged to seek legal advice, if you are concerned that the proposal may breach the equality legislation or you are unsure whether there is objective justification for the proposal)

If the analysis shows the potential for serious adverse impact or disadvantage (or potential discrimination) but you have identified a potential justification for this, this information must be presented to the decision maker for a final decision to be made on whether the disadvantage is proportionate to achieve the aims of the proposal.

- If there are adverse effects that are not justified and cannot be mitigated, you should not proceed with the proposal. (select outcome 4)
- If the analysis shows unlawful conduct under the equalities legislation, you should not proceed with the proposal. (select outcome 4)

Stage 6: Decision						
13. Please indicate which of the following statements best describes the outcome of your EqIA (✓ tick one box only)						
Outcome 1 — No change required: the EqIA has not identified any potential for unlawful conduct or disproportionate impact and						
all opportunities to advance equality are being addressed.						
Outcome 2 – Minor adjustments to remove / mitigate adverse impact or advance equality have been identified by the EqIA. List						
the actions you propose to take to address this in the Improvement Action Plan at Stage 7						
Outcome 3 – Continue with proposals despite having identified potential for adverse impact or missed opportunities to advance						
equality. In this case, the justification needs to be included in the EqIA and should be in line with the PSED to have 'due regard'. In						
some cases, compelling reasons will be needed. You should also consider whether there are sufficient plans to reduce the adverse						
impact and/or plans to monitor the impact. (Explain this in 13a below)						
Outcome 4 – Stop and rethink: when there is potential for serious adverse impact or disadvantage to one or more protected						
groups. (You are encouraged to seek Legal Advice about the potential for unlawful conduct under equalities legislation)						
13a. If your EqIA is assessed as outcome 3 or you have						
ticked 'yes' in Q12, explain your justification with full						
reasoning to continue with your proposals.						

Stage 7: Improvement Action Plan

14. List below any actions you plan to take as a result of this Impact Assessment. This should include any actions identified throughout the EqIA.

Area of potential adverse impact e.g. Race, Disability	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? E.g. Performance Measure / Target	Target Date	Lead Officer	Date Action included in Service / Team Plan
Age. Insufficient school places for children in Harrow.	Work has been undertaken to maximise funding from the Government to create additional school places. This has included applications to the Priority School Building Programme and the Targeted Basic Need Programme, as well as work to maximise the annual basic need allocations.	Delivery, affordability and value for money will be monitored by the corporate Programme Board. Key milestones will be reported with RAG ratings to monitor progress.	1 September 2015.	Chris Spencer, Corporate Director Children & Families, through the Programme Board.	1 September 2013
Age. Insufficient school places for children in Harrow.	Work has been undertaken to maximise funding from the Government to create additional school places. This has included applications to the Priority School Building Programme and the Targeted Basic Need Programme, as well as work to maximise the annual basic need allocations.	Delivery, affordability and value for money will be monitored by the corporate Programme Board. Key milestones will be reported with RAG ratings to monitor progress.	1 September 2015.	Chris Spencer, Corporate Director Children & Families, through the Programme Board.	1 September 2013

Disability. Mobility access.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1 September 2015.	Russell Eacott, Head of Capital Project Team	18 February 2014 (access issues raised at weekly update meeting)
Insufficient education provision to meet the needs of children with special educational needs.	This area of potential adverse impact of the increased number of children in the borough has been considered. Harrow Cabinet agreed its Special School and SEN Placements Planning Framework in July 2013 and, following successful applications to the Government's Targeted Basic Need Programme, new places are being created at special schools and through new additionally resourced provision places in Harrow's mainstream schools from September 2015.	Completion of the projects to expand Harrow's special schools and to create units for more additionally resourced provision places in Harrow's mainstream schools.	1 September 2015.	Chris Spencer, Corporate Director Children & Families, through the Programme Board.	1 March 2013
Residents / Service Users. Many concerns about the impacts of traffic congestion.	Measures are being put in place to address the traffic and congestion issues arising from the creation of additional school places. See Stage 2 Section 5 above.	Traffic Assessment and School Travel Plan will be submitted as part of the Planning Application.	June 2015.	Russell Eacott, Head of Capital Project Team.	November 2013.

Stage 8 - Monitoring

The full impact of the proposals may only be known after they have been implemented. It is therefore important to ensure effective monitoring measures are in place to assess the impact.

15. How will you monitor the impact of the proposals once they have

The School Organisation Officer Group, comprised of representatives

been implemented? What monitoring measures need to be introduced to ensure effective monitoring of your proposals? How often will you do this? (Also Include in Improvement Action Plan at Stage 7)	from relevant corporate departments, meets monthly and will monitor the impact of proposals and the continuing levels of need.
16. How will the results of any monitoring be analysed, reported and publicised? (Also Include in Improvement Action Plan at Stage 7)	Regular reports are presented to Cabinet on school organisation matters, including quarterly update reports on the school expansion programme. These reports are published on the Harrow Council website. The School Expansion Stakeholder Reference Group has been established and meets monthly. The School Expansion Stakeholder Reference Group is a cross party representative group to provide advice and guidance on the implementation of the school expansion programme. The meetings are minuted. The Programme Board of senior corporate officers and the constructor meets regularly to monitor the construction programme to ensure appropriate accommodation is provided at the schools for the additional pupils.
	A range of views and comments were received in support and opposed to the amalgamation proposal (see section 5 in Stage 2 above). 36% of responses supported the amalgamation proposal; 57%
	opposed it and 7% were unsure.
17. Have you received any complaints or compliments about the proposals being assessed? If so, provide details.	Having considered the points made by the Governing Bodies and comments in the consultation in the relevant Policy contexts, the officer view is that the reasons stated for the recommendation that the schools should not be combined do not constitute compelling and overriding reasons not to amalgamate the schools. It is considered that whilst the Governors raise a number of points, including the split site nature of the combined school, with appropriate support and planning they will be addressed and the educational benefits of a combined school operating over two sites will be achieved.

Stage 9: Public Sector Equality Duty

18. How do your proposals contribute towards the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) which requires the Council to have due regard to eliminate discrimination, harassment and victimisation, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations between different groups.

(Include all the positive actions of your proposals, for example literature will be available in large print, Braille and community languages, flexible working hours for parents/carers, IT equipment will be DDA compliant etc)

Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Equality Act 2010	Advance equality of opportunity between people from different groups	Foster good relations between people from different groups
By acting to ensure all children in Harrow have access to a high quality school place, Harrow is promoting equality of opportunity for all children and young people.	By acting to ensure all children in Harrow have access to a high quality school place, Harrow is promoting equality of opportunity for all children and young people.	By acting to ensure all children in Harrow have access to a high quality school place, Harrow is promoting equality of opportunity for all children and young people.

Stage 10 - Organisational sign Off (to be completed by Chair of Departmental Equalities Task Group)

The completed EqIA needs to be sent to the chair of your Departmental Equalities Task Group (DETG) to be signed off.							
19 . Which group or committee considered, reviewed and agreed the EqIA and the Improvement Action Plan?	The corporate Equality Impact Assessment Quality Assurance Group.						
Signed: (Lead officer completing EqIA)	Chris Melly	Signed: (Chair of DETG)	Roger Rickman				
Date:	29 th December 2014	Date:	30 th December 2014				
Date EqIA presented at the EqIA Quality Assurance Group	5 th January 2015	Signature of ETG Chair	Mohammed Ilyas				

October 2014 School Census	Welldon Park Infant & Nursery School
AGE as at 31st August 2014	
3	19.8%
4	22.9%
5	23.3%
6	34.0%
Grand Total	262
GENDER	
Female	48%
Male	52%
Grand Total	262
ETHNICITY	
Bangladeshi	2.3%
Indian	9.2%
Asian Other	27.5%
Pakistani	5.0%
Chinese	0.4%
Black African	7.3%
Black Caribbean	3.1%
Black Other	1.5%
Mixed Other	4.6%
Mixed White/Asian	0.8%
Mixed White/Black African	1.1%
Mixed White/Black Caribbean	0.8%
Refused	0.4%
White British	5.3%
Any Other Ethnic Group	1.1%
White Irish Traveller	0.0%
White Irish	0.4%
White Other	8.4%
Unknown	21.0%
Grand Total	262
SEN	
No SEN	79.8%
School Action	6.9%
School Action Plus	8.4%
Statement of SEN	5.0%
Grand Total	262

Source: Collect export: all schools Blade-Export_06-11-2014_pupilonroll.xls

October 2014 School Census	Welldon Park Junior School
AGE as at 31st August 2014	
7	22.8%
8	22.8%
9	31.7%
10	22.8%
Grand Total	268
GENDER	
Female	40%
Male	60%
Grand Total	268
ETHNICITY	
Bangladeshi	2.6%
Indian	9.3%
Asian Other	34.7%
Pakistani	6.0%
Black African	10.8%
Black Caribbean	4.9%
Black Other	2.6%
Chinese	0.4%
Mixed Other	2.6%
Mixed White/Asian	3.0%
Mixed White/Black African	2.2%
Mixed White/Black Caribbean	0.7%
Refused	0.4%
White British	4.1%
Any Other Ethnic Group	1.9%
White Irish Traveller	0.0%
White Irish	1.9%
White Other	11.2%
Unknown	0.7%
Grand Total	268
SEN	
No SEN	82.5%
School Action	6.3%
School Action Plus	7.5%
Statement of SEN	3.7%
Grand Total	268

Source: Collect export: all schools Blade-Export_06-11-2014_pupilonroll.xls

KS201EW - Ethnic group ONS Crown Copyright Reserved [from Nomis		Primary Planning	Area						Appendix C	
ONS Crown copyright Reserved [IIOH Norths	on 19 February 20	14]								
Population - All usual residents	Main Wards f	or the South Wes	t Primary Plan	ning Area						
Units - Persons	(Over 40% of p	oupils in these War	ds attend schoo	ls in the plannin	g area)					
Date - 2011					,					
Ethnic Group	Harrow o	on the Hill	Rayners La	ine	Roxbour	ne	Roxeth		West Harr	ow
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	9
All usual residents	12,270	100.0	11,124	100.0	12,828	100.0	11,663	100.0	10,373	100.
White: English/Welsh/Scottish/Northern Irish/British	4,224	34.4	2,954	26.6	3,182	24.8	2,701	23.2	3,351	32.3
White: Irish	404	3.3	208	1.9	241	1.9	334	2.9	365	3.
White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller	11	0.1	10	0.1	13	0.1	23	0.2	1	0.0
White: Other White	1,174	9.6	668	6.0	887	6.9	878	7.5	873	8.4
Mixed/multiple ethnic groups: White and Black Caribbean	157	1.3	103	0.9	194	1.5	135	1.2	97	0.9
Mixed/multiple ethnic groups: White and Black African	68	0.6	21	0.2	72	0.6	66	0.6	44	0.4
Mixed/multiple ethnic groups: White and Asian	259	2.1	119	1.1	173	1.3	225	1.9	199	1.9
Mixed/multiple ethnic groups: Other Mixed	162	1.3	118	1.1	140	1.1	138	1.2	125	1.:
Asian/Asian British: Indian	2,339	19.1	3,096	27.8	2,383	18.6	2,301	19.7	2,343	22.
Asian/Asian British: Pakistani	344	2.8	392	3.5	447	3.5	415	3.6	378	3.0
Asian/Asian British: Bangladeshi	40		130	1.2	99	0.8	116	1.0	56	0.
Asian/Asian British: Chinese	200		140	1.3	80	0.6	122	1.0	131	1.3
Asian/Asian British: Other Asian	1,423	11.6	2,306	20.7	2,836	22.1	2,529	21.7	1,235	11.9
Black/African/Caribbean/Black British: African	413	3.4	210	1.9	827	6.4	498	4.3	364	3.
Black/African/Caribbean/Black British: Caribbean	415	3.4	258	2.3	518	4.0	511	4.4	300	2.9
Black/African/Caribbean/Black British: Other Black	211	1.7	120	1.1	392	3.1	321	2.8	202	1.9
Other ethnic group: Arab	237	1.9	111	1.0	179	1.4	174	1.5	180	1.
Other ethnic group: Any other ethnic group	189	1.5	160	1.4	165	1.3	176	1.5	129	13
Main Ethnic Groups White	5,813	47.4	3,840	34.5	4,323	33.7	3,936	33.7	4,590	44.:
	5,813		3,840	34.5	4,323 579	4.5	3,936 564	4.8	4,590	44
Mixed/multiple ethnic groups Asian/Asian British	4,346		6,064	54.5	5,845	45.6	5,483	4.8 47.0	4,143	39.9
Black/African/Caribbean/Black British	1,039		588	5.3	1,737	13.5	1,330	11.4	866	8.3
Other ethnic group	426		271	2.4	344	2.7	350	3.0	309	3.